PREVENTING THE CENSUS.

GOVERNOR HILL NOT TO SIGN THE BILL SCOLDING THE REPUBLICANS IN THE LEGISLATURE -HIS HOPE OF A DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] ALBANY, May 27 .- Governor Hill has vetoed the Census Bill passed at the extra session of the Legis-lature or, rather, he has withheld his signature from it. This prevents the taking of any census in 1885, and in-terrupts the chain of state censuses taken every ten-years since 1820. The bill which is not approved is the same as that passed by the Legislature in obedience to the Constitution in April, and then vetoed by the Governor. With the bill the Governor filed a memorandum of 1,500 words with the Secretary of State, giving his reasons for refusing to sign the measure. He asserts in this message that the census would have cost \$400,000, whereas it would have cost only \$216,000: that the Legislature had no power to pass such a bill at the extra session, although the Constitution gives the Legislature that power, and that the census could not be taken

Legislature had no power to pass such a bid at the sension, aithough the Constitution gives the Legislature that power, and that the census could not be taken in two weeks in the cities, notwithstanding the fact that the United States census was taken in that time. He classes the criticism of the bill with the statement that it would be useless for him to again summon the Legislature here to pass a census bill, as "anmone the extraordinary session would undoubtedly leave the situation unchanged." That fact was obvious before he summoned the extra session of the Legislature which ended Friday, but the Governor put the State to an expense of \$10,000 to learn the situation for himself, in the last paragraph the Governor reveals the plan of the Democratic lenders. It is to elect a Democratic Legislature this fall, pass a census bill as soon as it assembles in January, have an enumeration taken while the Legislature is yet in session, and reapportion the Assembly and Senate districts apon that sumeration. Below is the message in part:

The approval of this bill will compel an expenditure of over four hundred thousand dollars of the people's money. This in itself is no ground for its rejection, provided its enactment is lawful and its provisions meritorious. It is conceded that this measure contemplates and authorizes not only an "enumeration" of the incabitants of this State, but in addition a census as claborate and extensive as the federal census of 1880. The power of the Legislature in extraordinary session, and at such session is not disputed, but the question is presented whether it had such power at its recent extraordinary session and and the legislature in extraordinary session, and at such session while hit was convened. The Constitution (Art. 4, § 4) provides that the Excentive may conven the Governor may recommend for consideration." The subject recommended for consideration at the late session "no subject shall be acted upon except such as the Governor may recommend for consideration." The subject recomm

tains wital and radical changes, rendering the defective act of 1855 more objectionable than before, unfair in its discrimination, as well as cumbersome and expensive in its execution.

1st. It changes the date for the taking of the census from June to July. This modification is unjust to the large cities of the State, a considerable portion of whose population is absent during that month.

2d. It modifies the act of 1855, by limiting to two weeks the time for the completion of the census in cities, while in country districts four weeks are allowed. The discrimination against the cities, where the population is the greatest and most difficult of ascertainment, could have no other purpose except to attempt by such undue restriction of time to obtain an inaccurate and defective numeration, misrepresenting the actual population and thereby obtaining a political advantage.

3e. This bill abolishes the provision of that act which requires the returns of the respective counties to be filed in the offices of clerks of the counties, and directs that no returns shall be filed elsewhere than with the Secretary of State at Albany. All opportunity is removed for cliticus to inspect the returns in their own localities, and this valuable safeguard for the detection of error and prevention of frands is entirely destroyed. Such an innovation upon existing methods is not only without precedent, but without merit.

4th. This measure further amends the act of 1885 by providing for a census which, in its form, extent and scope, is to correspond in all respects, with the Federal census of 1880.

It is believed by the Executive that the people of the State desire nothing more than an enumeration at the preparation, compilation and publication of such a census would cost the Sate desire nothing more than an enumeration of the State desire nothing more than an enumeration of the state desire nothing more than an enumeration to the present time. They certainly do not desire a census of the Sate desire nothing more relating to such char

upon the question. One demands out. The Lexislature stitution: the other seeks to evade it. The Lexislature to be elected this fall is competent to pass all the laws necessary for an enumeration and a subsequent reapportionment. The result of that election will show upon which side a majority of the people stand—whether they desire economical obedience to constitutional mandates or a prodical expenditure of public money.

Secretary Carr said to-day: "I see that The New-York.

Graphic has an Albany dispatch in which it is stated that I have declared that the census must be taken this year or not at all. I never made such a statement. The Constitution does not forbid the taking of the census next year. But it is doubtful if a reapportion-ment of the Assembly and Senate discrets could be made on a census taken pext year lawyers holding that the Constitution limits the Legislature to a reapportionment based on a census Legislature to a reapportionment based on a census taken in the tenth year solely and not on that taken in any other year."

any other year."
Said Attorney-General O'Brien a few days ago; "We could have the Legislature, providing that a Democratic one is elected this fall, pass a census bill in January, have the census statistics gathered in sixty days and reapportion the Senate and Assembly districts before the fall election."

BILLS THAT ARE SUSPECTED.

ALBANY, May 27 (Special) .- All the New-York City bills are looked upon with suspicion by the Governor, with good reason. To-day, it is said, he was shown a remarkable bill drawn up by Assemblyman Shea, who represents the Annexed District of New-York. When introduced it simply released from taxation any improved lands revealed upon the map filed by the Park Commissioners in obedience to chapter 604 of the laws of 1874. Now, it is alleged that the bill was aneeded so as to legalize some contracts with gas companies. The Governor, it is said, has been informed also that the Journais of the two houses do not declare that such an amendment was made to the bill. Mr. Shea is now here and will undoubtedly be asked to explain the mystery if there is one.

FOR BEATING AND ROBBING TWO OLD WOMEN SCHENECTADY, May 27 (Special).—The house of the Misses Schermerhorn, who lived alone in Rotterdam, was broken into on the night of January 24 by two masked men who beat the women severely with sand-clubs and then robbed them of a small sum of money and some jewelry. Benjamin Howe and Charles. Weber were arrested. They were tried and convicted today. Howe was sentenced to fifteen years and Weber to ten years in the State Prison. After conviction Howe confessed that he and Weber did the deed. Weber had borne a good reputation, and Judge Beattle gave him the lowest sentence allowed by law.

THE MACHINE MAKES ANOTHER TURN. JAMESTOWN, N. Y., May 27 (Special).-The

Administration has just given another proof of regard for Civil Service Reform by the dismissal of Postmaster Putnam for being an offensive partisan and the appointent in his place of Charles E. Weeks, than whom there is no one to whom the epithet "offensive partisan" can be more justly applied, as he has long been a political worker of the most active description. Postmaster Put-nam has made one of the best efficials the town ever had, and has have one of the best status the town ever had, and it is largely due to his efforts that free postal delivery was secured for the piace. He is now serving his second year in office, and in the last canvass took only that part in politics which any citizen is entitled to do. He retires with the respect of all and leaves the affairs of the office better systematized than they have ever been

THE TWO CASSINS SENT TO JAIL. POUGHKEEPSIE, May 27 (Special).-The two

ins, who were arrested yesterday for stealing a boat and who had such a murderous outfit of pistols, dirks and poisons, were taken to Cold Spring to-day, from which place they will be sent to Carmei Jail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

OBITUARY NOTES.

Houlton, Me., May 27 .- W. S. Gilman, oditor and proprietor of The Arosstock Pioneer, died this morning, age fifty-four. The Pioneer was first published in December, 1857.

BEFFALO, N. Y., May 27 .- "Frank" Callegnon, age sixty-six, an ex-Alderman of this city, died this morn-

treasurer of the Pennsylvania Company for Granting Annuities and Insurances on Lives, is dead.

his home on Tuesday. He was born in 1815 and has lived in and near Kingston the greater part of his life, gaining a livefihood and a reputation as an artist. A wife and four children survive him; one son, a physician, is in the hospital on Blackwell's Island, and another is a partner fn the firm of Pells & Co., of No. 138 Pearl-st., Importers of foreign woods. The funeral will be held this afternoon.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR MR. RANDALL.

HIS INFLUENCE WITH THE ADMINISTRATION-A COMPARISON THAT IS NECESSARY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] WASHINGTON, May 27 .- For the appointment to day of Edward Campbell as United States Marshal for the Southern District of Iowa, the Democrats of that State are mainly indebted to Samuel J. Randall, Mr. Campbell is an old Pennsylvania Democrat and a warm friend of Mr. Randall who took an active interest in his case. In the absence of Mr. Rundall the Attorney-General recommended and the President decided to appoint C. L. Williams to the place for which Campbell point C. L. Williams to the place for which Campbell had been urged by all the Iowa Democratic Cangressmen and other leading Democratic politicians of the State, including United States District Judge Love, who is a Democratic relic of the Judicial appointments of James Buchanan. The scale was turned in Tavor of Mr. Williams it is said, by the fact that his father lived in Alabama "befo'de wah," Congressman Frederick Weaver and others hurried to Washington in bot haste and besueged the White House with threats and supplications, but without any effect. The Attorney-General stood by Williams and the latter serency and confidently snapped his fingers in the taces of the lowa Congressmen. At this critical juncture Campbell appealed to Mr. Randall who secured him the appointment.

pealed to Mr. Randall who secured him the appointment.

Of course the Iowa Democratic Congressmen recognize and appreciate their obligation to Mr. Randall and they may be not unwilling to repay it at some future time, especially in view of the fact that he has placed himself on record as a "Tariff reformer." It is well for the Free Trade Mugwumps to sneer at Mr. Randall and assert that he has no influence with the Administration, but it will puzzle them to point to another case in which the recommendation of the Attorney-General has been overruled by the President. It may be remembered that only five days ago, after a long and carnest contest, the recommendation of Mr. Garland in the case of the Kentucky District-Attorneyship was approved by the President despite the diligent exections and warm profests of ex-Speaker Car-isle, Senators Beck and Blackburn. Governor Knott, Henry Watter son, eight or nine Democratic Congressmen and nearly every other prominent Democratic politician in the State.

Comparisons may be odious but they seem to be necessary sometimes.

FOREIGNERS TO INVADE THE WHITE HOUSE TRENTON, May 27 .- A Democratic procession of no mean proportions will leave this State for Washington to-morrow. It will move in solid array upon the White House and ask that the Republican office of New-Jersey be replaced by worthy and ambitions Democrats. The idea of this procession originated in Hudson County. At a recent gathering of the faithful it was decided that there was not enough of the quickstep about the present Administration, and It thought advisable to breathe a sentiment of that sort

into the President's ear.

When Middlesex County heard of the proposed pro cession, it concluded to join in, as it had numerous grievances to present. Then Essex followed suit and Union also. It is believed that there will be stragglers in the parade from Mercer, Huntergdon and various other counties. This procession will not be headed by any of the leading Democrats. They are in Washington and have repeatedly sent word home that the mon was not wanted. The mon is restive, however, and evidently prefers to examine for itself. One of the members of the procession said to-night that if they did not accomplish anything, it would not be for a lack of cheek and perseverance. The procession will go principally in quest of postmasterships and minor offices in general.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, May 27.-The President to-day made the following appointments: Edward Campbell, jr., to be United States Marshal for

the Southern District of Iowa.

To be Registers of Land Office—Robert C. MacFarland. at Cour d'Alene, Idaho; Mark W. Sheafe, at Watertown,

Receivers of Public Moneys-Downer f. Bra

To be Postmusters-J. J. Hartenblower, vice E. C.

To be Postmasters—J. J. Harten blower, vice E. C. Brown, resigned, Sheldon, Ia.; R. H. Pratt, vice George M. Francis, resigned, Napa City, Cal.; J. S. Laughim, vice Joseph E. Wilkinson, commission expired, Sidney, Ohio; Charles W. Webb, vice Mrs. Grace C. Cochran, commission expired, Anderson C. H., S. C.; J. H. Donkasiey, vice Charles W. Spading, suspended, Laramie City, Wyo; Drammond G. Crag, vice M. H. Gannig, suspended, Port Attenson, Wis.; W. E. Tonvelle, vice J. W. Dickman, suspended, Celina, Onio; William Strohueir, vice William H. Lieb, resigned, Ashland, Penn.; B. H. Whitneld, vice William D. King, commission expired, Hawkinsville, Ga.; David R. Beyer, vice Mary R. McGingaa, coomission expired, Tamaqu, Penn.; S. R. Kimit, vice James Wooley, commission expired, Shenandoni, Penn.; H. T. Davis, vice L. C. R. Scott, condrused February 20, 1885, but not commissioned, Orange, Tex.; A. L. Downard, vice H. R. Cronshaw, suspended, Marengo, Ia.; James E. Kackley, vice William D. Lewis, suspended, Vinceunes, Ind.; Charles E. Weeks, vice Edvar P. Putman, suspended, Jamestown, N. Y.

The appointment of Edward Campbell, Jr., as marshal

Jamestown, N. Y.

The appointment of Edward Campbell, jr., as marshal of the Southern Districtor Iows, is in place of C. L. Williams, who was originally elected for the office, but whose commission was withheld. It was found that Mr. work.

My duty is discharged when I have reminded the LexMy duty is discharged when I have reminded the LexMy duty is discharged when I have reminded the LexMy duty is discharged when I have reminded the Lexis an opportunity to retrace its steps. Another extraorit an opportunity to retrace its steps. Another extraordinary session would undoubtedly leave the situation
dinary session would undoubtedly leave the situation
dinary session. One demands obsdience to the Con
upon the question. One demands obsdience to the Con
turtion, the other seeks to evade it. The Lexislature
discontinuous at delegation. A man occupying a high ju dicial position in Iowa in whose judgment the President dicial position in Iowa in who e in it and the President, had confidence, expressed the opinion that Mr. Campbell was the better man for the place. This fact, in connection with Mr. Cambell's strong recommendation by the Democratic Congressment and other prominent Democrats, influenced the President'to recall the commission of Mr. Williams and appoint Mr. Campbell. The latter lives at Fairfieed Iowa, where he practices law. He was for many years the chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of Iowa.

ARMY AND NAVY INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, May 27 .- Lieutenant John T. Thompson, 2d Artillery, will visit the camp of the 2d Regiment of Alabama State Militia during the period of its encampment at Montgomery, Ala., beginning June its encampment at Montgomery, Ala., beginning June 9, for the purpose of inspecting that regiment. Captain William Mill, 2d Infantry, has been appointed to act as inspector on certain camp and garrison equipage and recruiting property at the cavality recruiting renlezvous at Pulladelphia, reported as requiring the action of an inspector, and for which Captain Charles C, de Rudio, 7th Cavalry recruiting officer, is responsible.

Second Lieutenant George N. Chase, 4th Infantry, has been relieved from duty at the University of Wiscomsin to take effect July, and will John his company. First Lieutenant Victor H. Bridgeman, 2d Artillery, has been relieved from duty at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, to take effect July 1, and will John his battery. The following enlisted men have, by direction of the

relieved from duty at the Massachusetts Agricultural College, to take effect July 1, and will join his battery. The following enlisted men have, by direction of the President upon their own applications been placed upon the retired list: Ordnance Sergeant James M. Brooks, Private Bartel Cavanagh, detacament of artillery; First Sergeant Matthew Long. Company F. 13th Infantry, and Private William Learz, Company K. 11th Infantry, and Private William Learz, Company C. 22d Infantry.

First Lieutenant Arthur L. Wagner, 6th Infantry, has been relieved from duty of the East Florida Seminary, Gainesville, Fla. and will join his company. First Lieutenant James M. Smith has been detailed as professor of military science and tactics at Riveriew Academy, Poughkeepsie, vice Captain Henry B. Hendershott.

Lieutenant William M. Irwin has been offered to duty in the equipment department at the Washington Navy Yard. Chief Engineer F. A. Wilson to special duty at Buffale, Surreon George A. Bright has been detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to the Constitution. Naval Cadet John W. Wedderburn has resigned.

The United States steamer Hartford arrived at San Francisco to-day from Honolulu, and the United States steamer Marion arrived at Aden, Arabia.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, May 27, 1835. Mr. Lamar Sick.—Mr. Lamar was seized with a chill last night, from the effects of which he was confined to the house to-day. He is a good deal better to-day. THE CLARK INVESTIGATION .- In the Clark investiga-THE CLARK INVESTIGATION.—In the Clark investiga-tion to day Charles Sword testified that since the charges were made against the architect of the Capitol, a force of serubbers and rubbers have been engaged on the work complained of, in order to give it the appearance of having been well done at first.

OBITUARY.

CHARLES ROGIER. BRUSSELS, May 27 .- Charles Rogier, the Belgian statesman, is dead

French by descent, but born in Saint Quentin, Belgium, in 1800; this venerable politician made himself conspicnous first by agitating in 1830 for the liberation of the Netherlands from Datch domination. He headed a bat-tailon in the uprising which ensued, and in 1831, upon tailou in the uprising which ensued, and in 1831, upon Belgian independence being achieved, he used his influence as a member of the Provisional Government to put the Orienas Prince, the Due de Nemours, on the throne, but afterward favored Leopoid. In a political duel with a Republican his cheek was grazed by a pistol ball. Under the Constitutional Monarchy, however, he was a Liberal, and repeatedly held Calmier positions, he sides leading his party in the Chamber of Deputies. He was opposed to the Clerical party, but did much to strengthen friendly relations between Belgium and Napoleon III. and to promote trade with France. He religious from public life upon resigning the portfolio of Foreign Affairs in 1868.

HILAND K. CLARK.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 27 .- Hiland K. Clark, the Tompkins County Representative in the Assembly, died at his home in Groton at 10 o'clock last night. His health began to fall about three years ago, but within a month or two his aliment, which was of the nature of a general breaking up of life's forces, assumed a serious character.

nerchants of that town. The deceased Assemblyman was a merchant for fifteen years, and one of the first directors of the Southern Central Railroad, and influendirectors of the Southern Central Railroad, and the state of that in pushing the organization and building of that road. He was a member of the firm of J. G. Hubbell & Co., patentees of the process of moulding cheese in bandage, and of the firm of A. S. Beach & Co., insurance agents. Mr. Clark was unmarried and was a life-long agents.

PRESBYTERIANS IN COUNCIL. ADMITTING THE COVENANTERS INTO THE CHURCH

-FOREIGN MISSION WORK. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNA.] CINCINNATI, May 27.—At the Presbyterian General Assembly to-day the Philadelphia Presbytery of "the Reformed" Presbyterian "Church," otherwise known as "Covenanters" ap-slied to be taken under the care of this Assembly with the understanding that they shall be permitted to retain the same principles of doctrine hitherto held by them. The matter was referred to a special committee with the Rev. Dr. W. P. Breed, of Philadelphia, as chairman. The report of the committee was in favor of admitting them, and the report was received with loud applause. The vote its adoption was nanimous. The Rev Wylie, the accrdited representative the body, spoke by request, and at the conclusion of his address the Moderator, taking him by the hand, warmly welcomed him, saying: "The Assembly is glad

warmly welcomed him, saying: "The Assembly is grad to receive a body in which it has such confidence."

A special committee, consisting of C. D. Drake, of Washington, E. E. Wells, of Peekskill, and R. Prime, of Yonkers, were appointed on the bequest of Archibald Falconer, of New-York. This bequest of \$16,008 was left some years and to the trustees of the General left some years ago to the trustees of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America. The terms of the will are not sufficiently definite to determine for what particular branch of the work of the Church it is to be ap-plied. This committee is to decide which of the boards of the Church shall have the custody of this fund. The of the Church shall have the custody of this fund. The report on the Board of Foreign Missions showed that the receipts of the year were \$669.983-\$7,000 more than ever before; and the expenditures, \$757,635, leaving a debt of \$57,751. Since the report of the treasurer was made, the debt has been reduced to \$50,000. This Board employs 446 ordained ministers and 1,114 lay missionaries, and has in its churches 21,073 communicants. Its work is carried on the fifteen countries, among eleven tribes of linearing the countries and releven tribes of linearing the countries. ried on in fifteen countries, among eleven tribes of In dians in this country, and in fourteen stations amon the Chinese in America. The cost of administration, in cluding the publication of periodicals is four per cent of the income. The Board asks for \$750,000 this year. The Rev. Dr. Arthur Mitchell, of New-York, the newly appointed secretary of the Beard, delivered a telling eech upon the subject of foreign missions.

The Rev. James Bassett, formerly a missionary at The Rev. James Bassell, Oromials Persia, offered the following resolution:

Resolved. That this Assembly hear with deep regret
that the President of the United States should have disregarded the earnest request and protest of all the unitsionaries and all the citizens of the United States in
Persia, with reference to the removal and appointment
of a United States Minister in that country.

The discussion showed that the sense of the Assembly was, that while the appointment was bad, it was outside their jurisdiction and therefore it would be impolits to pass such a resolution. It was lost by a large majority.

The report on the Board of Publication recommended
the efficiency of the management of the Publication Department. The aggregate number of publications, including tracts and periodicals, amounts to 16,285,000.
The losses in business in three years amount to less than e-tenth of one per cent. This Missionary Department. one-tents of map become the churches are sent, employs 107 colporteurs. It has given away during the year 112,400 volumes and over 9,000,000 during the year 112,400 volumes and over 9,000,000 pages of tracts and periodicals. These colporteurs have visited 150,000 families, held 47,000 religious services and established 270 Sunday-schools. There were expended in this department last year 875,500 and it nesses the same amount, this year. The Board was recommended to publish cheaper editions of books, especially for the use of similarly schools. The Moderator appointed the flev. John Gillespie of Elizabeth, N. J., vice-Moderator, in accordance with a rule adopted at this session. A mass-meeting in the interest of foreign missions was held this evening at which the flev. W. P. Breed, of Philadelphia, presided, and addresses were made by the Rev. Dr. A. P. Happer, of Canton, Caina, the Rev. Gerabi F. Dale, of sycia and the Rev. Drs. W. C. Alexander, of San Francisco and J. H. Barrows, of Chicago.

WOMAN'S HOME MISSION SOCIETY. REPORT OF THEIR WORK FOR THE YEAR-A LARGE DEFICIENCY.

SARATOGA, May 27 .- The annual meeting of the American Baptist Home Mission Society opened this morning. John B. Trevor, of New-York, president of the Society, was in the chair. He declared that he was not a conditate for re-election, and asserted that the only office to which he aspired was that of a contributor only offere to which he society. The executive board of the to the funds of the Society reported that its receipts this last year were the cluding conditional, or annuity funds have been \$447.379 05. Of this amount, charches, Sunday Schools and individuals gave \$255,744 66; contributions to conditional and permanent funds were \$101,779 16; legacies realized, \$50,043 16, and funds for other objects make up the balance. The expenditures were: For missioneries salaries, special educational purposes, chiefly for the election of buildings, \$103,583 80; in gifts for caurch edifice work, \$19,799 20. For missionaries' salaries the amount is \$21,390.25, and for teachers' salaries the amount is re than for these purposes respective last year. The expenditures for administration are only turee and one-half per cent of the society's aggregate receipts. The present deficit is \$117,988 28, which is an nerease over last year of \$63,667.38. It is proposed to meet this large deficit by applying re-part of the large bequest of ex-Governor Abner Coburn, of Maine, and that of C. B. Erwin. The former left to the Society \$250,000, and the latter bequeathed \$13,35; for avoid futher deficits the board has decided upon a re-inction of thirty per cent in the expenditure for the year to come.

To avoid futher deficits the board has deemed upon a reduction of thirty per cent in the expenditure for the year to come.

The obstrary has reported is unusually large—over one hundred—including men whicely known. In discussing the report. Chester W. Kinsley, of Cambridge, Mass., movest: "That the president appoint a committee of seven business men, to whom shall be reserved to much of the report of the board as refers to losses made to the society, and finat this committee report at some future meeting of the Society before it that adjournment. Whether any action in regard to the interest in the society at this time; and also whether any suggestion can be made in regard to the future. Management of the Society, which will help provent a repetition of like experience in the future.

The motion was carried and the committee appointed.

The motion was carried and the committee appointed consists of C. W. Kingsley, Mass., J. L. Howard, Conn. E. A. Waterman, Mich., J. B. Tresher, Ohio, Jacob Ester Vt., William M. Isaacs, N. Y., and W. M. Crourite, Penn.

PROPOSED REVISION OF THE PRAYER BOOK. CHICAGO, May 27.-Bishop McLaren, in his annual address before the Episcopal Diocese of Chicago. now in session here, spoke of the general convention which will meet in Chicago in October of next year. The subject of absorbing interest would be the proposed revision of the book of common prayer. He thought that of action. There had been an unwise disposition to push the changes through at high pressure. Variety in manner was desirable, but the charges proposed would make a great variety in matter also. "Within a few years," said the speaker,—" since the discussion of the question of revision began—there has dawned upon us a dispensation of license, to wit, of liberty taken with the services in the face of rubrical law to the contrary, which has produced almost the conditions which it is now designed to legitlimize. That some modification of our rubrical law is demanded, and that much of the our rubrical law is demanded, and that much of the work reported from the committee is called for, there is no question, but I for one shall deplore any precipitancy of final action in a matter of such vital importance." This part of his address is thought to refer to the Rev. Arthur Ritchie's disagreement with Assistant Bishop

PASTOR OF AN ANCIENT CHURCH, WILLIMANTIC, Conn., May 27 (Special).-The

First Congregational Church of Windham, Conn., where the President's father preached over lifty years ago, today installed as paster the Rev. W.S. Kelsey, of Geneva, N. Y., a recent graduate of Amherst College and Hartforn Theological Sominary. The ordaining council was composed of delegates from many Congregational composed of delegates from many Congregational churches in this vicinity. A number of prominent eleraymen from Hartford, preached the sermon, the Rev. Graham Taylor, of Hartford, preached the sermon, the Rev. Dr. E. C. Bissell and the Rev. Dr. J. A. Hodge, of Hartford, assisted in the ceremonies, The church was organized in the year 1700, and has had on eventful career, melaning in its membership many names prominent in the early history of Connecticut. President Clapp, of Yale Conege, was its second pastor.

UNIVERSALIST AND REFORM SOCIETIES. Boston, May 27.-The Boston Association of Universalists began its anniversary meeting to-day.

The annual meeting of the New-England Moral Reorm Society was held this morning. The object of the society is to recall young women from the paths of vice and to prevent their failing into temptation by giving them advice and timely aid.

NEGROES ADMITTED TO THE BAR.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 27 (Special) .- E. E. Watson, E. J. Sawyer, E. C. C. Washington and Johnson C. Whittaker, all young negro men, appeared before the Supreme Court of South Carolina to-day, and after undergoing a rigid examination, in which they acquitted them-PHILADELPHIA, May 27 (Special).—Milburn H. Steele, reasurer of the Pennsylvania Company for Granting annuities and Insurances on Lives, is dead.

Silas S. Wood, of Kingston, N. Y., died at father being an early settler and one of the principal

FIGHTING FOR PENNANTS.

EMPHATICALLY SENT TO CHICAGO. NEW-YORK BRATS BUFFALO BY TWENTY-FOUR TO NOTHING-BASEBALL ELSEWHERE.

The New-York League club administered the worst defeat to the Buffalo nine that any League team has received this year at the Polo Grounds yesterday. The contest was the third game of baseball between the two clubs and the home players won with ridiculous case, scoring two dozen runs to a string of goose eggs for their opponents. About 3,000 spectators were present, and as it was known that the pitchers would be Welch and Galvin, a finely contested game was expected. Although the contest was a farce the onookers seemed to extract great pleasure from the fine playing of the home nine and the blundering errors of the visiting players. Galvin's pitching was batted for twenty-two single hits, but the number would prebably not have been half so great had his fielders properly supported him. Welch pitched in fine form and his fielding support was excellent. The local players made several unusually brilliant manœuvres, two plays of Ward and Gerhardt receiving appropriate recognition in applause. The game was virtually settled in the first inning, when the local players batted Galvin's pitching

all over the field and assisted by several damaging errors by the Bisons sent eight men around the bases.
The score was as follows:
New- Fork. r. 15 po a. e. Buffalo. r. 15 po a e.
O'Rourke, cf. 4 2 0 0 0 Rodson, cf. 25 0 1 7 2 2 2 Cennor, 1 5 3 4 12 0 0 Brouthers, 15 0 1 4 0 1 1 Ewing c, 2 3 1 1 Ewe, as a 0 0 1 5 5 5 2 Glicespie, 17 3 4 1 0 0 White, 3 5 0 0 5 0 1 1 0 0 Ward, s 4 3 2 4 1 Coreley ff. 0 0 5 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 Esterber's 35 1 1 5 2 0 Lillie, 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Total 24 22 27 14 5 Total 0 5 27 10 17
New York 8 2 4 9 0 1 8 0 1—24 Buralo 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

An exciting game was played at Jersey City yesterday between the Virginia and Jersey City clubs. The game was well played and interesting throughout, the home nine whoming after a hard struggle. Cuff, the eather of the home nine, had his mass broken in the seventh inning and retired. Greenwood, of the Jersey City nine was fixed \$25 for questioning. Umpire Quinu's decisions. the score was:

2 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 8 1ty 3 0 1 3 0 0 0 2 x-9 The Contest Club played an interesting match with the Williamsburg A blede Club nine yesterday, which the latter won as follows: The New-York and Buffalo clubs play again at the Polo

TRESTON, May 27 .- A well contested game was played here to-day between the National and Trenton club-which the former won through superior work at the bat by the following:

NEWARK, May 27.—The game to-day between the Newark and Norfolk cinbs resulted in favor of the home nine by the score of 10 to 2.

Chevitand, May 27.—The game between the Toledo and Cleveland cinbs resulted in favor of the Toledo nine by the score of 2 to 1.

Bissensino, N. Y. May 27.—A game was played to-day between the Binghanton and Utea clubs which the home players won by the score of 3 to 2.

The scheduled games at Loui-ville and Nashville were postponed on account of the rain.

PHILADELPHIA, May 27.-The Philadelphia and St.

Louis League chies played their third game together here to-day, and as in the two previous contests, the home nine won. The batting was weak on both sides, the Western men losing the came through poor fielding. The St. Louis players made a raily in the last inning, but it was tee late for victory. The score was:

sphia, 1. St. Louis, 10. Pinchers - bally and Boyle. Um-fre-Mr. Ferguson. PROVIDENCE, May 27.—The Chicago and Providence sinbs played a well-contested game to-day which the Sestern mem won by bunching their hits and good base-unning in the early part of the contest. Shaw and bark-on both pitched in good form. The score was: Providence 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 8-1
Chicago 1 1 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6
Dase hits Providence 6 Chicago 7 Providence 7 Providence 7 Chicago 8 Pitchers—haw and Clarkson Umpire—Mr.

Bostos, May 27.—The Detroit club defeated the Boson nine to-day winning its first game since the team left the Western wilderness and its fourth victory of the season. The betroit players batted the ball finely in the first inning and the four runs scored virtually gave them the game. The store was:

Bas bits Boston 10; Detroit 11, Errors Boston 7; De-troit 7, Pitchers-Buffinion and Weslman, Umpire-Mr.

St. Locks, May 27.—The St. Dank class class was consecutive victory from the representative team from Brooklyn before a large crowd to-day. Terry pitched a fair game for the visiting players but was poorly supported. The fielding of the home nine was excellent. Annexed is the score:

time hife St. Louis, St. Brook yn. 7. Errors St. Louis, It rooklen, o. Pitchers - arathers and Terry. Umpire Mr.

PHYSBURD, May 27.—The game to-day between the Pittsburg and Baltimore nines was well contested. The home players narrowly escaped defeat by a rally in the

Pittaburg, S. Battimure, 7. Errors Pittsburg, CINCINNATI, May 27.-A heavy batting game was played to-day between the Cincinnati and Athlette clines, which the home une lost by near work in the field, Canway, after the fourth inning, gave place to Coleman as pitcher for the Athletics. The score was:

Barelits Cincinnati, 17; Athletic, 17, Errors-Cincinnati, 10 Athletic I, Pichers-Shalir and Conway and Coleman, Umpire-Mr Connell.

TO-DAY'S ENTRIES AT JEROME PARK.

IX BACKS INCLUDING THE CROTON HANDICAP-REVELLER AND PAMPERO NOT TO MEET.

The American Jockey Club has again presented a fine orogramme to the race-going public. Six races are to se run at Jerome Park to-day, the second day of the spring meeting, including the Croton Handicap, which is the third race. Long Knight carries the top weight, 118 pounds, Little Minch and Strathspey are each in at 116 pounds, while Reveller the winner of the Fordham, will carry 113 pounds, a penalty of five pounds for winning Tuesday's handicap. Those who would have liked to see the colt and Mr. Withers's crack, Pampero, try conclusions will much regret that the latter has been declared out. Pampero was in at 105 pounds, Mr. Withers has other strings to his bow, however, and will start either Buckstone or Nonage and possibly, both. Buckstone's weight is 114 pounds and the

both. Buckstone's weight is 114 pounds and the filly's 98.

The first race, three-fourths of a mile has, fourteen entries. Then follows a handicap of one mile for three-year-olds. The Dwyer Brothers, Richmond, that ran second for the Withers after having been made so much use of, carries the top weight, 115 pounds; 84, Augustine is in at 108 pounds, and five others range from 90 to 104.

The fourth race is a handicap for 1 3-16 miles. The old favorite General Monroe heads the list, having to carry 122 pounds. Markland is in at 119 and Commodere Kittson's shashing four-year-old, Kataplan, at two pounds less. War Eagle, that just missed winning the Suburban last year, will carry 114 pounds. There are also five hight-weights in it.

A selling race with six couries comes fifth, and the day's sport will wind up with a handicap race of one and three-eighth miles over six hurdies. There are eleven entries, including Bourke Cockran and Charlemagne.

FIRST RACE, PURSE \$500, 34 MILE

Name. Age. Weight. Name. Age. Weight. Strathapov a 113 Aur-ilus. 6 103 buise of Westmore. Nonage 4 19 Strathapev a 13 Aurana 14 Aurana 15 Aurana 15 Aurana 16 Aurana 16 Aurana 17 SECOND RAGE, HANDICAP, THREE-YEAR-OLDS, 114 MILES. Owner, Name, Sire,
Dwyer Brothers, Richmond, Virgil
G. Locrillard, St. Augustine, King Alfonso,
Appleby & Johnson
Medoponid Miss Painer, Blied,
Appleby & Johnson
F. Locrillard, Jr. Nenetich, Mortemer
D. D. Wilhers, Pimka, Ventistor,

THIRD RACE, CROTON HANDICAP, 1 MILE. Ocner.

E. McDonald. Long Knight. Longfellow.
John & Co. Little Minch. Gleneig.
John Spellman. Strathspey. Gloneig.
D. Withers. Buckstone. Stonehense.
L. L. Tillard. Reveiler. Pat Maloy.
T. Kulso. Glea. Kingdianer. Mr. Kelso P. H. McMahon P. H. McMahon Mr. kolso Rica
P. H. McMahon Comanche.
William Jenuings. Fareweil
G. I. Lordiard Tolu
J. W. & R. H. Loud Lady Loud
D. D. William Nonage
Gouley & Co. Judge Griffith
Wild & Mc and Cocetaw
Clipmana Stable. Sandoval King Ernest... FOURTH RACE, HANDICAP, 1 3-16 MILES.

Orener. Name. Sire Age.

J. McEimeel. General Mouroe. Tom Bowling a Heffner. Markiand. Springbok. 5. W. Kitison. Rataplan. Alarm, Refrin ames Bowe. War Eagle. Leader. 5. W. Walden Chantoleer. Viator. 4. L. Lorillard. Tolu. Ten Brocck. 4. L. Lorillard. Tolu. Ten Brocck. 4. L. Lorillard. E. Heffner Markiand
N. W. Kitison, Rataplan
James Rowe War Lario,
R. W. Walton, Chantoceer
G. L. Lordiard, Tolu

. FIFTH RACE, SELLING, 1 MILE. Age, Weight, Name, ... 6 107 Petersburg ... 102 Ballet ... 4 102 Eros ... SIXTH RACE, HANDICAP, SIX HURDLES, 134 MILES. Age. Wetght, 6 143 8 138 8 133 4 180
 Name.
 Age.
 Weight.
 Name.
 Age.

 courke Cockran
 a
 173 Marshall.
 6

 charlemanne
 a
 160 Miss Moulaey.
 a

 aplain Curry
 5
 155 Pawnee.
 a

 quebee.
 6
 155 Flames.
 3

 cho.
 a
 152 West Wind.
 4

 am Brown.
 5
 145
 Charlemagne a Captain Curry.... 5

Special trains will be run on the Harlem Railroad as usual, leaving the Grand Central Depot at 12:50 and 1:20 p. m.

KEOKUK FURNISHES A SURPRISE.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 27 .- The Spring meeting of the Latonia Jockey Club began this afternoon at its course, near Covington, Ky. A light ratu fell at intervals nearly all day, but, nevertheless, there was a good attendance. The track was a little out of condition, but the rain was too slight to make it muddy.

The first race for all, purse of \$400, maiden allowances

one mile, had nine starters. Bangle 92, Glenlock 99, Her mine 114, Irish Pat 102, Lady Wayward 107, Leonard 103, The Slasher 90, Whizgig 97 and Venisti 95. Lady Wayward, the favorite, won by half a length, Irish Pat second, The Slasher third; time, 1:4414. For the Clipsetta Stakes, for two-year-old fillies, \$50 each, with \$750 added, sixty-three subscriptions, five

there were soventeen starters:
Alfareta, Ada D., Bastonte, Ala Acaria, Alfareta, Ada D., Bastonte, Alabama, Annie Martin, Bonita Bonnie Blue, Flora L., Freddie, Hattie D. H., Hermitawo, Long Stepper, Miss Anna, Miss Bowler, Trinkitat, Virgie D. and Mattie T. Bonita won easily by a length, Alfareta second, Hattie D. H. thirt; time 1:044, "Mutuals paid \$20 50.

The Hindoo stakes, for three-year-olds, \$100 each, half forfeit, \$2.000 added 67 subscriptions, 12 mile, brought out Bersan, Lepanto, Lord Coleridge and Red Stone Bersan, the favorite, was never headed, Lepanto second, Lord Coleridge third; time 2:42%, Mutuals paid \$6. In a selling rize for a purse of \$400 the starters were Athlone, 109; Boreas, 98; Hallfellow, 102; Lead, 79; Taxgatherer, 102; Ultimatum, 02, and Whisperine, 96. Taxgatherer, the favorite, won by a length, Ultimatum second, Boreas third; time 2:10%, Mutuals paid \$11.40. Acaria,

\$11 40.

A heat race for a purse of \$400, 6 furlongs, brought out Chiii, 110; Elsie B., \$4; Gold Dollar, 108; Grismer, 107; Hattle M., \$10; Keckuk, 96; Kilmeny, \$10; Lady Reber, \$105; Test, \$4\$, and Tom Martin, \$105. Test, a bay filly, three years old, by Ten Brueck-Annie Shelby, won easily, Tom Martin second and Keckuk chihth; time \$1:174. In the second heat Keckuk on by a nose, Test second, Tom Martin third; time \$1:17. Keckuk won the third heat and the race; time \$1:20. Mutuals paid \$306, Keckuk is a bay colt, three years old, by Long Taw out-of Ella Powell.

TROTTING AT FLEETWOOD NEXT WEEK.

The trotting meeting of the Driving Club at New-York, which will begin on Tuesday next and last four days' promises to be a great success. The club has been liberal in the prizes and \$16,100 is hung up to contend for. In order that fast time may be made the club offers to any horse making a record better than that previously made in his class \$500 extra, and Nathan Straus will give an additional \$1,000 to any horse in the three-minute class beating Majolica's record, which is 2:17 over this track in the first race that Majolica ever started in.

Following are the entries: FREE FOR ALL. Wilson, Harry Wilks, Felix. 2:17 CLASS. J. B. Thomas, Capt. Emmons. Majolica, Mand Messenger, 2:21 CLASS. St. Albans. Zon R., Frank, Albert France. 2:25 CLASS. Revenge. Eva. Perplexed. Procee Medium, 2:30 CLASS. Beaconsfield, Funty, Jack Spian, Irish Lad. Voimer, owand Maid, Tony T., Freetwood Messenger, Victor Com. 2:35 CLASS. Frank C., Sylvia M., Mill Girl. Henrietta, 2:40 CLASS. Harry Fleet. Merry Thought, Frank Ellis.

Margie Lambert,

Mischief.

Bessie H.. Ficetwood Messenger,

Martin B., Maggie Lambert, 3:00 CLASS. Lady Pathfinder, Songgier's Lass. TROTTING FOR \$1,000 IN POUGHKEEPSIE. POUGHKEEPSIE, May 27 (Special),-Five hun-

2:50 CLASS.

tred people came here from Newburg and points along the river this afternoon to see a race between J. O. smith's bay stallion J. O. S., and William T. Peter's bay smith's bay stallon J. O. S., and whitsin T. Feter's bay gelding Frank D., for \$1,000. There had been much betting on the race all along the Hudson, and wagers were even. The race took place at the Driving Park. Frank D. won the dist heat, and J. O. S. the other three. Time—2.4.19, 2.34.49, 2.44 and 2.48. The horses scored seventeen times for the first heat.

RILEY AND ROSS TO ROW.

A single scull match was arranged yesterday at the Police Gazette office between Wallace Ross and James H. Riley, of Saratoga, for a purse of \$300 offered by James Pilkington. The race is to be rowed at Oak by James Pilkington. The race is to be ruwed at Oak Foint on Saturday and is to be three miles with three turns. Riley will come to the starting point in much better condition than Ross, as he has been stadily training for the past month. Local sporting mon are confident that Ross will win the race. If he does he will be matched to row a rainst John Teemer.

RAILEOAD INTERESTS. PASSENGER CHIEFS TO CONFER.

The conference between the Trunk Line Executive Committee and the Calcago managers will probably be held to-morrow. In pursuance of the recommendation of the presidents made on Tuesday, Assistant Commissioner Pierson has called a meeting of the gen-eral passenger agents for next Tuesday in this city for the purpose of devising such measures as are practicable for the restoration of passenger rates; and the for the restorated by passenger pools. Little confidence is felt in a near improvement in passenger affairs. The work of reorganization will be greatly retarded by the demoralized condition of freight matters. It is admitted that no rate advance can be make on freight until the confracts made up to next January are cancelled or

contracts made up to next January are cancelled or carried out.

The passenger agents of the four New-York State trunk lines met yesternay and agreed to maintain passenger rates between New-York and Buffalo at \$4.65 and to make the tickets good only on the train for which they are bought. This action is taken in order to enable the Chicago roads to maintain the recently restored east-bound tariffof \$18.50 from Chicago to New-York. This rate was imperilled by cuts made by the trunk lines from Huffalo to New-York down to \$3 and \$2.50. As the local rate to Buffalo from Chicago is only \$1.4, this cut east of Buffalo, if continued, would have compelled a reduction in the through rate to New-York.

New-York.

The receiver of the Lake Eric and Western Railroad has declined to honor the cut-rate tickets soid in a big block three years ago to "scalpers" and which have been an element of demoralization in rates west of Cleveland ever since. The helders of these tickets will be placed on a par with other creditors.

BONDHOLDERS GUARDING THEIR INTERESTS. Bondholders of the Omaha Division of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Rallway, which was consolidated with the Wabash on January 1, 1880, was consolidated with the Wabash on January 1, 1880, at a meeting yesterday appointed a committee to protect their interests, especially in regard to any issue of certificates by the receivers of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Kailway. The committee consists of John H. Beach, James F. Dwight, Charles S. Smith, J. E. Pulsford and James H. Smith. It was authorized to begin foreclosure proceedings if necessary to protect the bond-holders' rights. This raction is similar to that taken by bondholders of several divisions of the Wabash system.

TICKET BROKERS TO MAINTAIN THEIR RIGHTS. Toledo, May 27 (Special).-Railroad ticket brokers of Cleveland, Buffalo, Cotumbus, Cincinnati, Detroit and Toledo held a meeting here to-day to take steps to protect themselves from the recent decision of the receiver of the New-York, Lake Erie and Western Railroad, that the tickets known as "syndicate special" tickets will not be honored after May 15. Telegrams were received from scalpers in New-York, Chicago and other place, who promised to abide by the action taken. It was resolved to spend \$50,000, if necessary, to maintain their rights, and Alexander Scott and John F. Follett were retained to bring the matter before the Ohio Supreme Courg. The brokers assert that there is no law or precedent to sustain the receiver.

BURGLARS CHLOROFORM A MINISTER'S SON. Late last evening the house of the Rev. John

C. Middleton, of Glen Cove, L. I., was entered by bur-glars, and \$450 was stolen. Robert, the fifteen-year-old n of the clergyman, was alone in the house. He was in his room dressing, and was suddenly setzed, thrown to the floor, and a cloth which he says contained chloro-form thrown over his face. How long he remained unconscious he does not know, but he saw the burglar leaving the yard. He gave chase and overtook the thief. when a struggle took place in which Middleton was badly burt. He described the man as a low-sized man of dark complexion. How the entrance was effected could not be learned. The money that was stolen, Mr. Mid-dleton said, belonged to the Episcopal Sunday School, and was in his study.

The police of Long Island City who were informed of the robbery, arrested two Russian chair-seat pediers at the Long Island Raliroad depot, and not over \$50 was found on them.

MRS. WINANS OR O'KEEFFE!

HER CROSS-EXAMINATION CONTINUED. HOW SHE BECAME CONVINCED THAT SHE WAS

BOSS R. WINANS'S WIFT.

The trial of the suit entitled "Alice Winans against Ross R. Winans." for separation and alimony was continued yesterday before Referee Nash. Mrs. Winans, or Mrs. O'Keefle was again accompanied by her sister, Miss Saalfield, and Mrs. Thorne. Mr. Winans wore a light plaid suit. He has the sallow face peculiar to the student and wears scattering side whiskers. He had with him several friends, some from Baltimore, among them ex-Mayor Latrobe, brother of the man to whom Mrs. O'Keede says Mr. Winans introduced her as his wife in London in 1871.

Ex-Judge Curtis, who made his first appears Mrs. O'Koeffe's counsel, made a lively breeze for lawyers Carter, Choate and Ledyard, Mr. Winans's counsel, by requesting that reporters be admitted to the hearing. He said that his client was "entirely willing that such a course should be pursued, as she had no desire to con-ocal any features of her case from the public." Mr. Carter objected, and Mr. Nash said that he had stready passed upon the question and could not rescind his de-

The cross-examination of Mrs. O'Keeffe by Mr. Chosts was then resumed. The sawyer went into an elaborate analysis of the paper copied by her, purporting to be a resignation of all her claims against Mr. Winans for \$20,000. The only new feature elicited was that when she signed her maiden name to the documents and let-ters, after her alleged marriage with Mr. Winans, it was, she testified, when she was laboring under the misappre-hension that she was not his wife. She had at that time been advised by Lawyer Schley, of Baltimore, that the marriage, was invalid. When she went to Baltimore Mr. marriage was invalid. When she went to Saltimore Mr. Winans gave her \$250 in cash and a draft on Brown Brothers, of this city, for \$1,250. This was part of her hotel expenses in this city and Chicago, she said, and the money was to pay that indebtedness. She knew nothing of her mother's transactions with Mr. Winaas until after they had occurred. She did not authorize her mother to

of her mother's transactions with Mr. Winaas until atter they had occurred. She did not authorize her mother to sign the receipt for \$1,250 or any papers, and in no way was she a party to proceedings carried on by her mother. Mrs. O'Keefle stated that sile was not aware of her real legal status until 1877, a year after her separation from O'Keefle. She was then a governess in the house of Lewis L. Delateld, who became interested in her story, investigated it, and informed her that in his opinion she was the wife of Ross R. Winans, and had in no respect lost her legal status as such.

Mr. Winans formully admitted that since his relations with Mrs. O'Keefle had been entered on he had been married twice; first to Miss Ludlam, of Baltimore, now dead, and then to Miss Whistler, formerly of this city, a nicee of the artist Whistler, of Londou. The cross examination of Mrs. O'Keefle was then concluded. The redirect examination will be taken up at the next hearing.

Ex-Judge Curits startled the lawyers of the opposition by another effort to put an end to what he called "starehamber proceedings." He offered to vacate the order of reference, to put the case on the calendar for trial and to set the hearing down for the third Monday of June for trial by a jury. This offer Mossers Carter, Choate and Ledyard respectfully declined. Thereupou the referce adjourned the hearing mutil Wednesday next. Mrs. Sarah A. Thorne, a boarding house keeper of No. 750 Fittin-ave., who will appear as a witness for Mrs. O'Keefle had returned from her visit to her mother in Chicago, going to the St. James Hotely, Mr. Winans went to her house, then No. 19 West Pwenty-fourth-st., to seeder rooms for himself and Mrs. Winans, introducing her to Mrs. Thorne as his wife. He said that in consequence of the lilness of his father he wished the marriage to remain a secret, and that therefore he and ais will would be known there as Mr. and Mrs. Ross R. Willians. Mr. Winans almays called the plaintiff his wife, Mrs. Thorne as lid, and she was so introduced

MR STARIN AND THE STATEN ISLAND FERRIES, The suit brought by John H. Starin against the city authorities and the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad Company for the purpose of having the award of the Staten Island ferry franchises to the latter comof the Staten Island terry franchises to the latter company declared void on the ground that his was really the sighest bid, occupied the filtention of Justice Van Verst in the Supreme Court yesierday. Roscoe Conkling and James McNames represented Mr. Starin; Assistant Corporation Counsel Daulei J. Dean and G. L. Sterling appeared for the city, and Albert B. Boardman for the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company. For the plaintiff whilam O. McDowell, J. H. Mann and Acloph L. King testified to the circumstances under which the the ferries to the North Shore of Staten Island and to Bay Ridge were given to the Rapid Transit Company and ex-Controller Grant and H. Holton Ward, for the defendants, made statements bending to show that the awart had been properly made. The testimony was submitted without argument.

TROUBLE ABOUT A FERRY. An application in behalf of the New-York

and Sea Beach Railway Company for an injunction to restrain the Staten Island Rapti Transit Railroad Company from operating a ferry from the foot of Whitehallst. to the Long Island Railroad pier at Bay Ridge, which is used by the Manhatan Beach Railway Company, was made to Justice Lawrence in the Supreme Court Chambers yesterday. The Sea Beach Company has been running its boots between the two piers under a lease from the Rapid Transit Company, whose, the latter claims, expired on May I. The Sea Beach Company hissists that the ferry established by the city anthorities and leased to the Rapid Transit Company connects the foot of Whitehallst, with a point at the toot of Sixty-littn-st, at Bay Ridge, and that, the Long Island pier being south of this point, its was by the Sea Beach Company cannot be restrained as asked for, E. Ellery Anterson moved for the injunction and Albert B. Boardman opposed. Justice Lawrence took the papers, directing that no steps be taken by the Raild Transit Company toward ejecting the Sea Beach Company from the Whitehall pier until the present application is decided. restrain the Staten Island Rapid Transit Railroad Com-

IS JOHN MORRIS PERSECUTED!

Justice Lawrence in the Supreme Court Chambers yesterday heard argument on the application made by Morris Cohen for a mandanus to compet the Bursan of Encumbrances to remove the flowers and plants of John Morris from the sidewalk in front of Jefferson Market. Allan L. Schmidt Insisted that it was the duty of the Bureau to remove the flowers and plants, which were an obstruction. John J. Townsend, representing the Corporation Coursel, replied that there were fourteen feet of cear space on the sidewalk and that it was customary to allow flowers and plants to be placed on the sidewalk in front of all markets. He expressed doubt whether the plantiff was a real tenant of the Jofferson Market building, and added that Mr. Morris was being persecuted. He said the real complanuant was a man whom Morris had charged with keeping a gambling place in Jefferson Market. Chambers yesterday heard argument on the application

SAYS HE WAS EJECTED BY A PRIEST. Edward C. Kelly, who is seventy years old, has brought a suit in the City Cours in which he claims \$5,000 damages from John F. Fitzharris, assistant pas-\$5,000 damages from John F. Fitzharris, assistant patter of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church in Sixth-ave, who, it is alicged, on the lat of May ejected him from that church. Mr. Fitzharris, in his answer, says that while the priests were doming their vestments for the mass, in the sacristy, Kelly entered there and was holy, and that he removed him from the building as gently as possible. Mr. Kelly, who lives in Nova Scotla, was yesterlay required to give security for costs before Judge-McAdam would permit the action to proceed.

157 WEST 23D ST. (FRONT PARLOR) IS the office of the Physician of the Swift Specific Company, Consultation free. Blood Poison, Skin Disease, Cancers and all affections of the blood and skin. All inter-ested are invited to call. Swift's Specific is a simple vere-table remedy entirely harmless, but so powerful in its action that it finds and roots out the most violent poison.



Over fifteen years ago a cancer made its appearance on my

face. It was treated with plasters, and the core came out. The place healed up after some time, and seemingly my face was well. However, in a few years it returned with more was well. However, in a few years it returned with more violence than ever. It gave me a great deal of pain. The former remistly seemed to do it no good. Knowing the disease to run in the family, having had one sister to die with cancer, I became seriously apprehensive. cancer, I because seriously apprehensive of my condition. It continued to increase in size and virulence. I simest save up all hope of ever being cured. The physicians advised up all hope of ever being cured. The physicians advised the use of the knife and caustie. This was more than I could bear, and refused to have it operated upon in that way. All other remedies were used, but the cancer continued to grew worse. The pain was excruciating, and my life was a burden. In this extremity my son, Dr. Hardman, recommended me is try Swift's Specific. It was the lastfresort, but I was sloped diced against the use of patent medicines, and especially take on, that I hesitated some time. At last I gave my consent, not believing there was any virtue in it. The first bottle only increased the size of the sere and the discharge from it, and diced against the use of patent medicines. and capecially facene, that I hesitated some time. At last I gave my consent, not, believing there was any virtue in it. The first bottle only increased the size of the sere and the discharge from it, and hance did not inspire me with any hope, on taking the second bottle there were sizes at improvement, and my fain strengthened just in proportion. I used the Specific as wash in the treatment of my cancer with remarkable success. I aponged the sore with the medicine diluted with a little water. It softened the scab, cooled the face and releved the itching sensation. The spot on my face began to decrease, well as the discharge, and hope sprang up in my heart. Could it be, I asked my self, that I was at last to be releved of this disease! It had given me so many dark hours in the past that the ince of being well again almost overpowered me. There was a contest between hope and fear for a long time. It was a long night of weeping, but joy came with the morning. There is nothing left to mark the place but a small scar, and I feel that it is impossible for me to express my gratitude for this great deliverance. It is a wonderful medicine.

Jan. 9, 1884. Mrs. OLIVE HARDMAN, Monroe, Ga.

CAUTION

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC must not be confounded with the numerous Potash, Mercury and Sarsaparilla mixtures which are being advertised as great cure-alls. There is noting like our remedy in the world. Call at our N. Y. office or sens for treatles on Blood and skin Diseases.

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